

@nhsscotlandevent #NHSScot19



## Juliette Murray

Consultant Surgeon and Programme Clinical Lead, Scottish Access Collaborative



## The Challenge:

To provide an optimal service with finite resources

Can we better utilise the resources we have to provide sustainable solutions?











- Historically 6 consultants, 3 sites
- 2012 four senior surgeons retired
- Forced to think about working differently









## **Current model**



- Most surgeons 2-3 clinics, 1 full day operating
- Significant variation in surgical conversion rates
- Emergency work further reduces capacity
- Huge variability in elective workload and capacity





## **Potential solutions**



- Fewer consultants, working more flexibly.
- Committed long term staff for continuity.
- Advanced nurse practitioners for clinics and minor procedures.
- Make changes to the way in which we work to increase overall capacity.





## Reducing clinical caseload



• Understand/ benchmark New: Return ratios

- Reduce routine long term followup clinics : eg TCAT
- Virtual/ telephone clinics
- Unit protocols for surgery/ imaging
- One stop diagnostic clinics where possible perform minor surgery or investigations during first appt

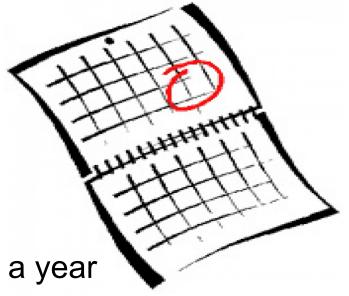




## **Team Job Plans**



- Increase sessions as required
- Ability to flex to demand
- Match clinic conversion to available theatre time
- Develop footprint for service
- Utilise all staff to cover it 50 weeks a year









### **Lanarkshire Breast Service now**

- Sees all new breast patients within 10-14 days. Capacity and demand in balance since 2013
- 4 Consultants, sessional speciality doctors, ANPs. Able to cover peaks/troughs and planned/ unplanned leave
- Some fixed sessions, some flexible
- Annualised, can be delivered both when suits service and individuals







## Lanarkshire service changes

- Allowed us to offer support to Neighbouring Boards
- Able to manage 5-10% increase in referrals annually
- Can see and treat 50% more cancer patients with 50% fewer consultants
- Have repatriated breast screening patients
- Have established local plastics service
- Used similar models to reduce capacity/ demand mismatch in other specialties locally
- Finished 2018/19 financial year £130,000 under budget



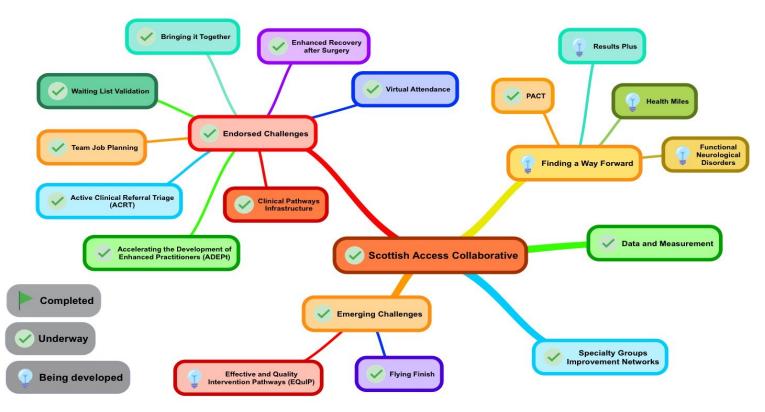




# scottish collaborative

## Programme Scope









- Active Clinical Referral Triage (ACRT)
- Waiting List Validation
- Virtual Attendance
- Clinical Pathways Infrastructure









## **Endorsed Challenges**

- Accelerating the Development of Enhanced Practitioners (ADEPt)
- Flying Finish





Team Service Planning









## Clinical engagement in solutions

- Identify good practice and tell people about it
- Benchmark services and encourage teams to communicate and cooperate
- Bring clinicians together to develop consensus
- Identify key emerging roles eg in advanced practice and promote them
- Help services to develop a footprint of the capacity required and identify gaps in staffing/ resource





# Questions at the end of the session





## **Christine Divers**

Operations Manager Surgical Division, Golden Jubilee National Hospital

## Julie King

Performance and Improvement Manager, Golden Jubilee National Hospital



# Whole Systems Approach to Improvement and Sustainability



#### The Golden Jubilee Foundation

NHS

Patients at the heart of progress





Golden Jubilee National Hospital





Golden Jubilee Innovation Centre





Golden Jubilee Research Institute





Golden Jubilee
Conference Hotel



## **Delivering Care through Collaboration**



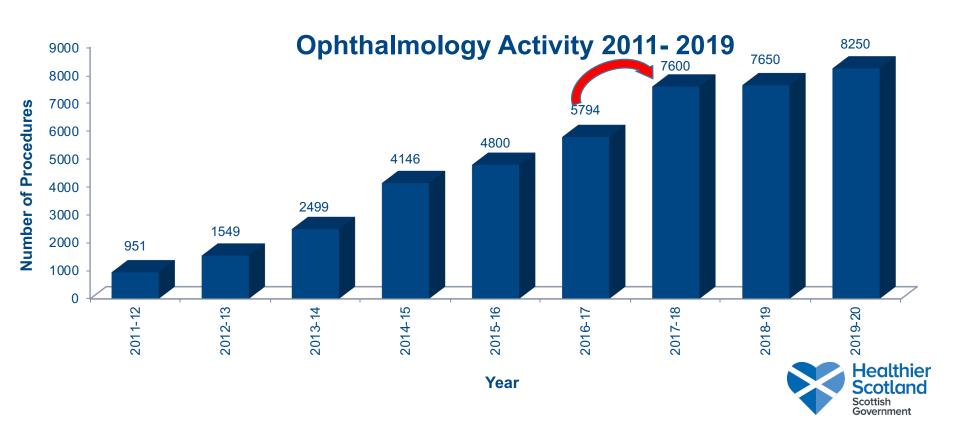
"Putting people first to achieve and sustain excellence - in care, performance, quality, innovation and values"

- National Health Board increasing capacity for Scotland
- Collaborative working with 14 Regional Boards
- Heart and Lung services and National Elective Programmes



## **Ophthalmology Growth**







## **GJNH Ophthalmology Service**



- 7600 cataract procedures in 2017/18
- 10,200 out patients per year (30% increase)
- Circa 240 patients per week
- National shortage of Ophthalmologists!!
- National Elective Programme







Expanding Capacity



Innovative models of care



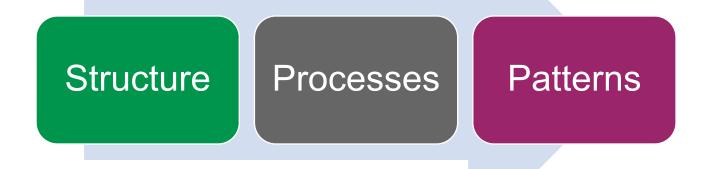
Reducing cancellations



## Whole Systems Approach to Innovative Care



Aim: Increase Out-patient Capacity by 30% by September 2018



'If we want fundamental and transformational change in a complex system we must consider interactions and changes in structure processes and patterns'





## Whole Systems Approach: Structure



#### Improvement 1

March 2017 Out-patient service relocated which allowed a redesign of flow to be tested

- 3 Optometrists to 1 Consultant model
- Daily debriefs over March and April

**Adopt! Adapt! Abandon!** 



## Whole Systems Approach: Process



#### **Improvement 2**

Station 1

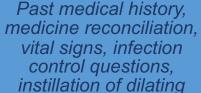
**Ophthalmology Technicians** 

Patient's demographics and all ophthalmology measurements carried out i.e. visual acuity, biometry



Station 2

3 Registered Nurses



drops, cancellations

Station 3

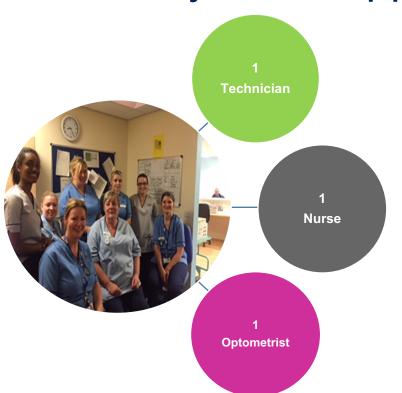
3 Optometrists 1 Consultant

Seen by optometrist and consultant. consented for procedure



## Whole Systems Approach: Patterns





#### **Improvement 3**

- Department split into 3 teams
   1 from each station
- Small Multidisciplinary team within bigger clinical team
- Each team sees 8 patients per session

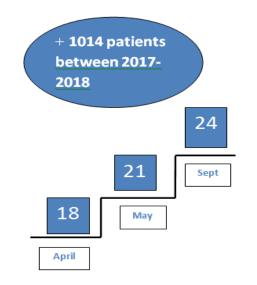
Visit time reduced by 50% to 1 hour 20 minutes

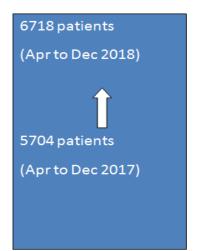




## Whole Systems Approach: Outcome





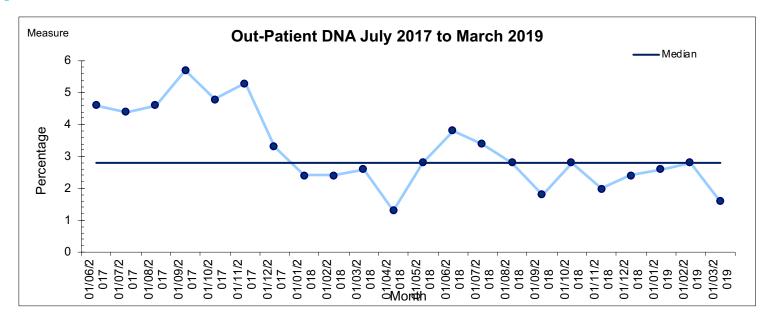




## Out-patient DNA rate: Process



#### **Improvement 4**









- Mobile theatre opened May 2017
- Problems initially with microscope, vibration and flow
- Only able to achieve 6 cataract
- procedures per session
- Perseverance = Productivity!
- Increased to 7 in May 2018



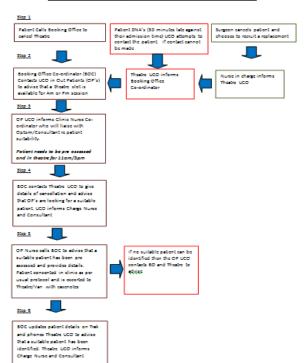




Government

## Maximising Theatre Capacity- Process

Process for Patients taken directly from Clinic to Theatre to fill Last Minute Cancellations



#### **Improvement 5**

Process agreed with multi disciplinary team to take appropriate patients directly from clinic to replace last minute cancellations.

Piloted initially in Feb 18 with 1 consultant then the in house team then rolled out in Jun 18 to all

## Benefits of Redesign

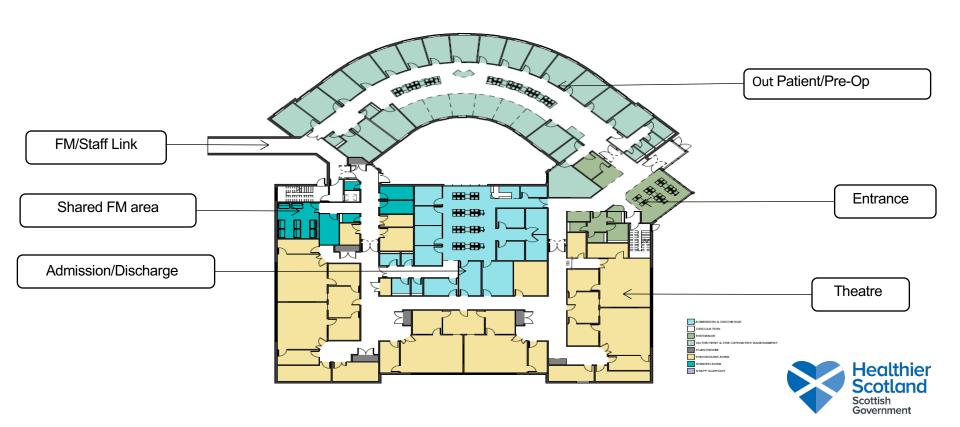


- Maximising capacity in clinic (94% utilisation)
- Released consultant time
- Increase in productivity
- Reduction of patient visit times (halved)
- Improvement in communication
- Cohesive team working across MDT
- Maximising theatre capacity (85% utilisation)
- Active Management of DNA's and replacement from clinic



## Design through Redesign!





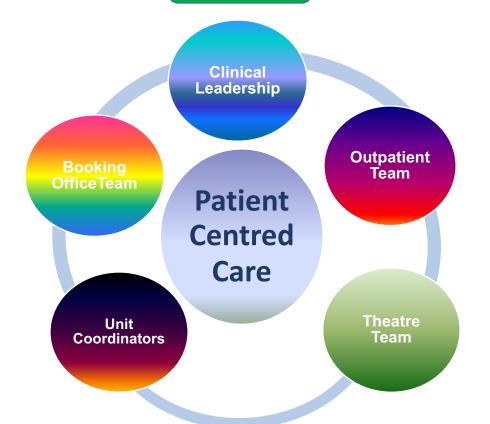
#### Structure

Where we do it



**Process** 

How we do it



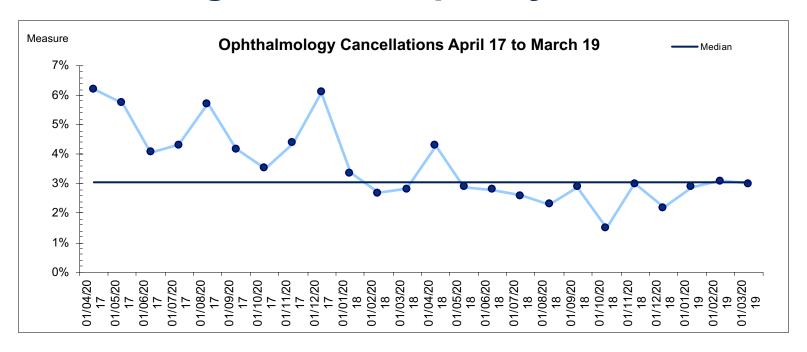
#### **Patterns**

Roles , Responsibilities and Engagement



## NHS

## **Maximising theatre capacity - Process**









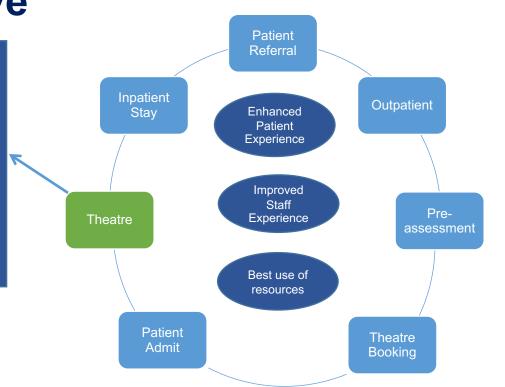
## Why should we focus on improving theatre cancellations?



Patient Journey – opportunities to improve



Theatre
usage is
heavily
influenced by
what comes
before and
after in the
patient
journey



Systems thinking is key to optimising theatre usage



## Our approach

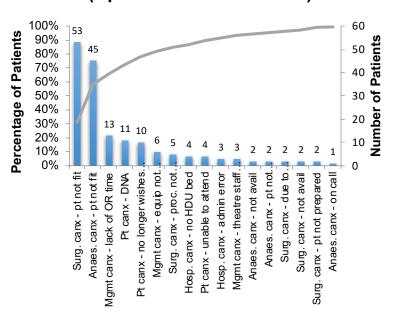


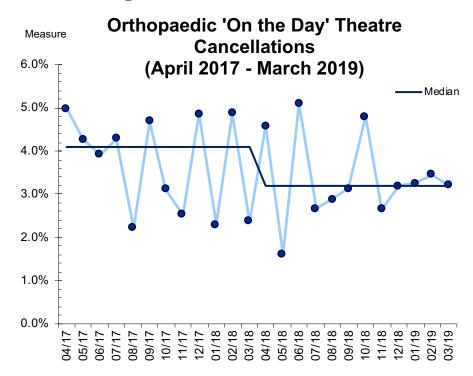
- Review our theatre cancellations each week speciality by speciality
- Identify "avoidable" and "unavoidable" cancellations
- Capture the information needed to target the challenges cancellation comments tells you a lot about your system
- Engage a group of motivated stakeholders clinical leadership is key
- Identify and agree ongoing improvement actions each step of patient journey
- Share, share the data and seek feedback teams feel involved and empowered to act



## **Performance Data – Orthopaedic**

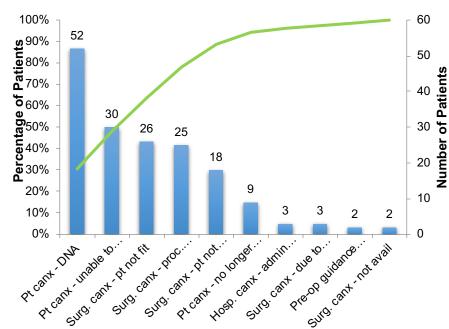
Orthopaedic Theatre Cancellation Reasons (April 2018 - March 2019)

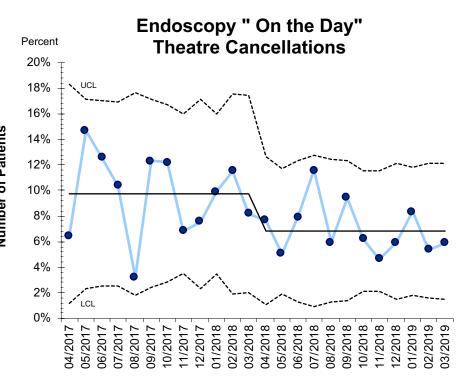




### **Performance Data - Endoscopy**







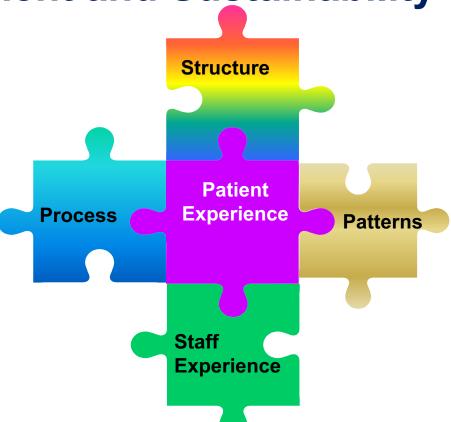
## **Endoscopy Specialty**

- Short Life Working Group
- Targeting main reasons for cancellation
- Improved patient literature
- Patient phone calls



# Whole Systems Approach to Improvement and Sustainability









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